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B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2024.

Fourth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering

CS 3451 – INTRODUCTION TO OPERATING SYSTEMS

(Common to : Information Technology)

(Regulations 2021)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. How does an interrupt differ from a trap?
- 2. What is the purpose of system calls?
- 3. Define the process states.
- 4. What are the threading issues?
- 5. What is the purpose of paging the page tables?
- 6. Define the benefits of virtual memory.
- 7. Write short notes on free space management.
- 8. State the functions of file system.
- 9. What is paravirtualization?
- 10. What is the major design goal for the android platform?

PART B — $(5 \times 13 = 65 \text{ marks})$

- 11. (a) (i) What is the main difficulty that a programmer must overcome in writing an operating system for a real-time Environment? (7)
 - (ii) Describe three general methods for passing parameters to the operating system. (6)

- (b) (i) Consider a computing cluster consisting of two nodes running a database. Describe two ways in which the cluster software can manage access to the data on the disk. Discuss the benefits and disadvantages of each. (7)
 - (ii) List five services provided by an operating system, and explain how each creates convenience for users. In which cases would it be impossible for user-level programs to provide these services? Explain your answer.
- 12. (a) (i) Describe how processes are created and terminated in an operating system. (7)
 - (ii) Give an example of a situation in which ordinary pipes are more suitable than named pipes and an example of a situation in which named pipes are more suitable than ordinary pipes. (6)

Or

- (b) (i) Describe how deadlock is possible with the dining-philosopher's problem. (7)
 - (ii) Consider the following snapshot of a system. (2+2+2)

	$\underline{Allocation}$	\underline{Max}	$\underline{Available}$
	ABCD	ABCD	ABCD
T_0	0012	0012	1520
T_1	1000	1750	
T_2	1354	2356	
T_3	0632	0652	
T_4	0014	0656	

Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm:

- (1) What is the content of the matrix Need?
- (2) Is the system in a safe state?
- (3) If a request from thread T1 arrives for (0,4,2,0) can the request be granted immediately
- 13. (a) (i) Explain the difference between internal and external fragmentation. (7)
 - (ii) On a system with paging, a process cannot access memory that it does not own. Why? How could the operating system allow access to additional memory? Why should it or should it not? (6)

Or

- (b) (i) Illustrate how pages are loaded into memory using demand paging.
 - (ii) Under what circumstances do page faults occur? Describe the actions taken by the operating system when a page fault occurs. (6)

- 14. (a) (i) Is disk scheduling, other than FCFS scheduling, useful in a single-user environment? Explain your answer. (7)
 - (ii) Describe three circumstances under which blocking I/O should be used. Describe three circumstances under which nonblocking I/O should be used. (6)

Or

- (b) (i) Consider a file system in which a file can be deleted and its disk space reclaimed while links to that file still exist. What problems may occur if a new file is created in the same storage area or with the same absolute path name? How can these problems be avoided?
 - (ii) Contrast the performance of the three techniques for allocating disk blocks (contiguous, linked, and indexed) for both sequential and random file access. (6)
- 15. (a) (i) Describe four virtualization-like execution environments, and explain how they differ from "true" virtualization. (7)
 - (ii) Why are VMMs unable to implement trap-and-emulate-based virtualization on some CPUs? Lacking the ability to trap and emulate, what method can a VMM use to implement virtualization?

Or

- (b) (i) Describe the three types of traditional hypervisors. (7)
 - (ii) Discuss about the mobile operating system with suitable example.

PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

- 16. (a) Assume that a program has just referenced an address in virtual memory. Describe a scenario in which each of the following can occur. (If no such scenario can occur, explain why) (3+4+4+4)
 - (i) TLB miss with no page fault
 - (ii) TLB miss with page fault
 - (iii) TLB hit with no page fault
 - (iv) TLB hit with page fault

Or

(b) Apply the (i) FIFO, (ii) LRU, and (iii) optimal (OPT) replacement algorithms for the page-reference strings: (5+5+5)

4, 2, 1, 7, 9, 8, 3, 5, 2, 6, 8, 1, 0, 7, 2, 4, 1, 3, 5, 8

Indicate the number of page faults for each algorithm assuming demand paging with three frames.